## Boom Goes the Volcano

Plate Tectonics Shaping our Crust: Volcanoes and Earthquakes

## **Objectives**

- 1. Compare the different types of lava flows
- 2. Explain what ingredients lead to the most dangerous and explosive eruptions

# Warning Signs of an Eruption

- Earthquake (increases in amount and severity)
- 2. Swelling of Crust around Volcano
- Release of gases, dust/ash and steam
- 4. Increases in temperature around volcano and water around volcano

Groun	d-based Vo	lcano Ale	rt Levels
Normal	Advisory	Watch	Warning
A	A		
	Aviation (	Color Cod	es
Green	Yellow	Orange	Red



# Volcano Eruption Lab

- Safety:
  - Possible Projectiles....must wear eye protection
  - No fooling around if the cap pops off, it stays off until the next test
- Make sure you have a person timing and you write down your observations
- Answer all questions on the back in complete sentences

## Terms to know about Volcanoes

- A liquids resistance to movement down a surface
- High viscosity = doesn't like to move
- Low viscosity = runny and moves
  easily
- Honey has a **high** viscosity
- Water has a **low** viscosity



- Silica is the most common chemical found in Earth's Crust
- Silica is made of Silicon and Oxygen
- Because of silica's shape, silica traps gases very well.



#### Ingredients for an Explosive Eruption

1. High amounts of Silica

2. High Viscosity

3. A lot of trapped gases





## Types of Lava (Magma)

#### Basaltic

- Rock: Basalt
- Rich in: Iron
- Gases: are released easily
- Viscosity: low = runny

#### Rhyolitic

- Rock: Rhyolite
- Rich in: Silica
- Gases: trapped by silica
- Viscosity: high = resists movement; sticky

# Which type of lava has an explosive eruption?

- Rhyolitic!
- Again, what makes for an explosive eruption?
- 1. High amounts of Silica
- 2. High Viscosity
- 3. A lot of trapped gases
  - This means basaltic lava has quiet eruptions because has the opposite chemistry compared to rhyolitic lava

- Rhyolitic Lava Check List
- Rich in: Silica
- Gases: trapped by silica
- Viscosity: high = resists movement; sticky

# Types of Lava (Magma)

#### Basaltic

- Rock: Basalt
- Rich in: Iron
- Gases: are released easily
- Viscosity: low = runny
- Eruption style: Quiet
- Volcano Type: Shield

## Rhyolitic

- Rock: Rhyolite
- Rich in: Silica
- Gases: trapped by silica
- Viscosity: high = resists movement; sticky
- Eruption Style: Explosive
- Volcano Type: Stratovolcano/Composite