## The Planets \& The Ecliptic

Objective: Review a model of the first four planets with the constellations of the zodiac as a background.

## Research

Constellation: a grouping of stars.

- Rotation: the turning of a planet on its axis. One = day.
- Zodiac: circular backdrop of

12 constellations

## Research



## Research

$\bigcirc$ Revolution: the motion of one object around another object.
Planets all appear to move counter clockwise through the zodiac
$\bigcirc$ Plane of the Ecliptic: the intersection of the Earth's orbit with the celestial sphere.

## Research

$\circ$ Astronomical Unit (AU): Earth's average distance from the Sun.

| Planet | Average Distance in AU | Time it takes to Revolve <br> Planet Year (in Earth days) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mercury | 0.4 | 88 |
| Venus | 0.7 | 225 |
| Earth | 1.0 | 365.25 |
| Mars | 1.5 | 687 |



## Interpretation

## $\bigcirc$ Different constellations are

 seen or visible at different times of the year.-Because of the Earth revolution around the Sun.

## Interpretation

○Halfway.
${ }^{\circ}$ No, the Sun is in between
oRotation - movement about an axis
$\bigcirc$ Revolution - orbit around another object.

## Model

-Using this scale, Earth would be $\underline{10} \mathrm{~cm}$ from the sun on the model.

- Your Model: Shows orbits of $\underline{4}$ of the planets in our solar system.

