## **Temperature Affects Density**

Objective:		
Key Concepts:		
Heating a substance causes molecules to	and spread slightly	
, occupying a	that	
results in ai	in density	
Cooling a substance causes molecules to	and get	
slightly, occu	ipying a	
that results in an in d	lensity.	
Hot water isdense and will temperature water.	on room-	
Cold water is and will	in room-temperature water.	

### **Temperature Affects Density**

Objective: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Key Concepts:

- Heating a substance causes molecules to \_\_\_\_\_\_ and spread slightly \_\_\_\_\_\_, occupying a \_\_\_\_\_\_ that
  - results in a \_\_\_\_\_ in density
- Cooling a substance causes molecules to \_\_\_\_\_\_ and get slightly \_\_\_\_\_\_, occupying a \_\_\_\_\_\_ that results in an \_\_\_\_\_\_ in density.
- Hot water is \_\_\_\_\_\_ dense and will \_\_\_\_\_\_ on room-temperature water.
- Cold water is \_\_\_\_\_\_ and will \_\_\_\_\_\_ in room-temperature water.

## **Temperature Affects Density – Processing**

# **EXPLAIN IT WITH ATOMS AND MOLECULE**

In the animation, you saw water molecules being heated and cooled. Look at the model of water molecules in the diagram below to help you compare the volume, mass, and density of cold and hot water.

Write *more, less,* or *same* in the chart to describe the volume, mass, and density of cold and hot water compared to room temperature water.

Comparing cold and hot water to room-temperature water		
	Cold Water	Hot Water
Volume		
Mass		
Density		